Resene Paints LTD Version No: 4.4

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: 07/05/2024 Print Date: 07/05/2024 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier	
Product name	RESENE ACRYLIC UNDERCOAT
Synonyms	Incl. White and Varishade bases
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	9277 9713
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Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints LTD	
Address	2-50 Vogel Street Wellington 5011 New Zealand	
Telephone	+64 4 5770500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification ^[1]	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3		
Classification 11	Tazaruous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Tazaru Category 3		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI		
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	9.1C		
Label elements			
Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable		
Signal word	Not Applicable		
Hazard statement(s)			
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statement(s) Pre	evention		
P273	Avoid release to the environment.		
Precautionary statement(s) Rea	sponse		
Precautionary statement(s) Sto	prage		
Not Applicable			
Not Applicable Precautionary statement(s) Dis	posal		

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, EPA consolidation 30 April 2021 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
68131-40-8	0.1-0.5 alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated	
84133-50-6	0.1-0.5	alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated
Legend: 1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Anne. VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. Eye Contact If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If skin or hair contact occurs: Skin Contact Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. ▶ If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Inhalation Other measures are usually unnecessary. Immediately give a glass of water. Ingestion First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.	

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using personal protective equipment. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Safe handling	Limit unnecessary personal contact.
Other information	
Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities
Conditions for safe storage, ind Suitable container	As supplied by manufacturer.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
RESENE ACRYLIC UNDERCOAT	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available		Not Available	
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available		Not Available	

Occupational Exposure Banding			
Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating Occupational Exposure Band Limit		
alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated	E	≤ 0.1 ppm	
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	E	≤ 0.1 ppm	
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.		

MATERIAL DATA

Exposed individuals are NOT reasonably expected to be warned, by smell, that the Exposure Standard is being exceeded.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.	
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye and face protection	 'Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. 	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below	
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.	
Body protection	Overall	
Respiratory protection	Not required for properly ventilated areas. Where the concentration of vapours in the breathing zone approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standards" respiratory protection is required. Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.	

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	White acrylic dispersion		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.25-1.30
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8.2-9.2	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	40-45
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	<30

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

alcohols C11-15 secondary

ethoxylated

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).		
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.		
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).		
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classil discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness		irectives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient dburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		
RESENE ACRYLIC	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ		IRRITATION
UNDERCOAT	Not Available		Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	N

Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1]

Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1]

Skin (rabbit): 500 mg(open) mild

dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1]

Oral (Rat) LD50: >=2000 mg/kg^[1]

alcohols C12-14 secondary	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
ethoxylated	Not Available	Not Available	
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Regist specified data extracted from RTECS - Regis		btained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwis
ALCOHOLS C12-14 ECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
ALCOHOLS C11-15	will stabilize intermediary radicals involved. Human beings have regular contact with alco detergents, and other cleaning products. Alcohol ethoxylates are according to CESIO EO < 5 gives Irritant (Xi) with R38 (Irritating to EO > 5-15 gives Harmful (Xn) with R22 (Harr EO > 15-20 gives Harmful (Xn) with R22-41	ohol ethoxylates through a variety of industr (2000) classified as Irritant or Harmful depe o skin) and R41 (Risk of serious damage to	ending on the number of EO-units:
SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED & ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	>20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irrita AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of d In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are read rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typica Skin absorption: Available skin absorption of	langerous substances of the Council Direct illy absorbed through the skin of guinea pig- ally triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol eth data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), trie e rate of absorption in skin of these three g	ive 67/548/EEC s and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa ers): thylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethyler lycol ethers is 22 to 34 micrograms/cm2/hr, with th
& ALCOHOLS C12-14	 >20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irrita AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of d In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are read rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typica Skin absorption: Available skin absorption of glycol ethylene ether (TGEE) suggest that the 	langerous substances of the Council Direct illy absorbed through the skin of guinea pig- ally triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol eth data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), trie e rate of absorption in skin of these three g	ive 67/548/EEC s and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa ers): thylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethylen lycol ethers is 22 to 34 micrograms/cm2/hr, with th
& ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	 >20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irrita AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of d In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are read rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typica Skin absorption: Available skin absorption of glycol ethylene ether (TGEE) suggest that the methyl ether having the highest permeation of the skin absorption of the skin absorption of glycol ethylene ether (TGEE) suggest that the methyl ether having the highest permeation of the skin absorption of the skin	langerous substances of the Council Direct illy absorbed through the skin of guinea pig- ally triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol eth data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), trie e rate of absorption in skin of these three g constant and the butyl ether having the lowe	ive 67/548/EEC s and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa ers): thylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethyler lycol ethers is 22 to 34 micrograms/cm2/hr, with th est.
& ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED Acute Toxicity	 >20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irrita AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of d In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are read rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typica Skin absorption: Available skin absorption of glycol ethylene ether (TGEE) suggest that the methyl ether having the highest permeation of X 	tangerous substances of the Council Direct illy absorbed through the skin of guinea pig- ally triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol eth data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), trie e rate of absorption in skin of these three g constant and the butyl ether having the low Carcinogenicity	ive 67/548/EEC s and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa ers): sthylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethyler lycol ethers is 22 to 34 micrograms/cm2/hr, with th est.
& ALCOHOLS C12-14 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion Serious Eye	 >20 EO is not classified (CESIO 2000) Oxo-AE, C13 EO10 and C13 EO15, are Irrita AE are not included in Annex 1 of the list of d In general, alcohol ethoxylates (AE) are read rats. For high boiling ethylene glycol ethers (typica Skin absorption: Available skin absorption o glycol ethylene ether (TGEE) suggest that the methyl ether having the highest permeation o 	tangerous substances of the Council Direct lily absorbed through the skin of guinea pig- ally triethylene- and tetraethylene glycol eth data for triethylene glycol ether (TGBE), trie e rate of absorption in skin of these three g constant and the butyl ether having the lower Carcinogenicity Reproductivity	ive 67/548/EEC s and rats and through the gastrointestinal mucosa ers): thylene glycol methyl ether (TGME), and triethylen lycol ethers is 22 to 34 micrograms/cm2/hr, with th est.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity Endpoint Test Duration (hr) Species Value Source **RESENE ACRYLIC** UNDERCOAT Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Endpoint Test Duration (hr) Species Value Source alcohols C11-15 secondary LC50 Fish 3.2-7.2mg/L 4 96h ethoxylated 2 NOEC(ECx) 672h Crustacea 0.08mg/l Endpoint Test Duration (hr) Species Value Source alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI Legend: (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	
Mobility in soil		
Ingredient	Mobility	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods	
Product / Packaging disposal	 Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. Recycle wherever possible. Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Do not allow product or wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains or watercourses. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product should comply with Hazard Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 (EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021).

For treating and discharging processes contact your local authority.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available
alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

alcohols C11-15 secondary ethoxylated is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - Schedule 1 Quantity limits for dangerous goods

alcohols C12-14 secondary ethoxylated is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - Schedule 1 Quantity limits for dangerous goods

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
	I	

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non- Industrial Use	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	07/05/2024
Initial Date	17/02/2019

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
3.4	07/05/2024	Physical and chemical properties - Appearance, Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking - Synonyms, Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking - Use

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
 NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
 PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
 TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
 TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
 INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
 NCI: National Chemical Substances Control Act

- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
 FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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end of SDS